Samuel B. Arnold's Long-Delayed Revelation.

BOOTH'S PLANS AND FAILURES.

Story of the Scheming That Ended in Murder.

Thrice Was the President to Have Been Abducted and Carried to Confederate Territory, but Each Time the Would-Be Them Were Faint-Hearted and All But Booth Stopped at Assassination-They Thought the Scheme Abandoned.

Samuel Bland Arnold begins his life story by telling of his meeting with Booth in September, 1864, and then of the plots to kidnap President Lincoln and the attendant circumstances.

This statement was sworn to before a notary public at Dry Tortugas, Fla., on Dec. 3, 1867. The conditions under which it was drawn up, with its significance, are dealt with by Mr. Arnold in his general statement to follow. This is the full text of his early confes-

ARNOLD'S EARLY CONFESSION. It was in the latter part of August or about the 1st of September, A. D. 1864. that J. Wilkes Booth, hearing I was in town, sent word to me that he would like to see me at Barnum's Hoter, in the City of Baltimore, at which place he was then stopping. I had not seen Booth since the year 1851, at which time we were fellow students at St. Timothy's Hall, Catonsville, Md., the Rev. L. Van Bokkelen being the president of the said institute.

I called upon him and was kindly received as an old schoolmate and invited to his room. We conversed together, seated by a table, smoking eigars, of past hours of youth and the present war. He said he had heard that I had been South, &c., when a tap on the door was given and O'Laughlin was ushered into the room. O'Laughlin was a former aquaintance of Booth from boyhood up, so he informed me. I was introduced to him, and this was my first acquaintance with O'Laughlin.

In a short time wine was called for by Booth, and we drank and freely conversed together about the war, the present condition of the South, and in regard to the nonexchange of prisoners.

Booth then spoke of the abduction of kidnapping of the President, saying if such could be accomplished, and the President taken to Richmond and held as a hostage, he thought it would bring about an exchange of prisoners. He said the President frequently went to the Soldiers Home, alone and unguarded, that he could easily be captured on one of these visits and carried to the Potomac, boated across the river and conveyed to Richmond

BOOTH THE MOVING SPIRIT.

These were the ideas advanced by Booth, and he alone was the moving spirit. After a debate of some time, and his pointing out its feasibility, and being under the effects some little of wine, we consented to join him in the enterprise. We alone comprised the entire party to this scheme at that time, as far as my knowledge ex-

We separated that afternoon and I re turned to my brother's home, near Hookstown, Baltimore county, Md. Booth stated that he would leave for New York the next day to wind up his affairs and make over his property to different members of his family, reserving enough to carry out his projected scheme, and would soon return. Booth said he would furnish all the neces

sary materials to carry out the project. He showed me the different entries in his diary of what his engagements paid him in his profession, and I judge from what I have heard his income therefrom to have been from \$25,000 to \$30,000. He also informed me that he owned property in the oil regions of Pennsylvania and Boston. He was taken sick while at home, and upon his recovery he arranged his business and went to the cil regions, from which place he wrote me, inclosing \$20 for expenses, requesting me to look around and pick out a horse for him.

This is all the money I ever received from Booth or any other person in connection with the undertaking. He wen from the oil regions to Canada and shipped his wardrobe to Nassau, as he afterward informed me.

Booth returned to Baltimore some time in November or December, 1864. He had purchased, while North, some arms to defend himself in case of pursuit, viz. two carbines, three pairs of revolvers, three knives and two pairs of handcuffs. Fearful that the weight of his trunk might attract attention, he asked me to take part of them which I did, and sent them to him by express to Washington.

A short time after his return from Canada to Baltimore, he went to the lower counties of Maryland, bordering on the Potomac, as he said, for the purpose of purchasing horses and boats. I met him in Baltimore in January, I think, at which time he purchased the horse that I had selected for him. He also purchased a buggy and harness and said that all was completed and ready to work.

I informed my parents that I was in the oil business with Booth, to prevent then from knowing the true cause of my asso ciation with Booth. O'Laughlin and drove the buggy to Washington. This was sometime in the latter part of December, 1864, or the early part of January, 1865.

THE EARLY PREPARATIONS.

We left the horse at Nailor's livery stable, on the avenue, near Thirteenth street, end we went to Rullman's Hotel (kept by Lichau), on Pennsylvania avenue. We remained there a few days and then went to Mitchell's Hotel, near Grover's Theatre. and remained a few days. We went from there and rented a room from Mrs. Van Tyne, 420 D street, and obtained our meals at the Franklin Hotel, at the corner of D

and Eighth streets. We remained there, off and on, until March 20, 1865, during which time I frequently went to Baltimore-nearly every Saturday. O'Laughlin, as a general thing, went and returned with me on these visits.

When in Baltimore I remained at my father's home. When in Washington I spent most of my time at Rullman's Hotel (kept by Lichau), on Pernsylvania avenue. at which place O'Laughlin and myself had

FIRST PLAN ABANDONED. The President having ceased visiting the Soldlers' Home, Booth proposed a plan to al duct him from the theatre by carrying

THE LINCOLN PLOT. place him in a buggy which he was to have in attendance, and, during the confusion which would be produced by the turning off of the gas, make good our escape.

I objected to any such arrangement, and plainly pointed out its utter impracticability and told Booth it could not be accomplished. He would listen to no argument I could bring forth, and seemed re solved in carrying out this mad scheme. He endeavored to obtain a man from New York to turn off the gas. In this he failed so he informed me.

This was in the latter part of January or the early part of February, 1865. Booth at that time was stopping at the National Hotel. About this time I called at his room, accompanied by O'Laughlin, and upon entering was introduced to Surratt under the name, I think, of Cole. This was about 10 or 11 o'clock in the morning, and

This was the first time I ever met Surratt. Surratt left a few moments after we came in, and Booth informed us that he was one of the parties engaged in the abduction and that his name was Surratt

BOOTH'S MOTHER'S DREAM. About this time Booth told me he had

received a letter from his mother in which received a letter from his mother in which she stated that she had fearful dreams about him. She sent his brother, Junius Brutus, to Washington to persuade him to come home, so Booth told me.

Booth told me that he did not wish his brother to know how many horses he had, as he knew that his brother would ask for an explanation as to why he kept so many. He asked me then to go down to Cleaver's stable, and I did so. He told Mr. Cleaver that I had purchased the horse, and he was turned over to me.

Mr. Cleaver that I had purchased the horse, and he was turned over-to me.

About a week afterward I went to the stable, paid the livery on the horse and rode him up to the corner of D and Eighth streets and turned him over either to O'Laughlin or Booth. I never saw the horse afterward. Booth afterward repaid me for the board of the horse. me for the board of the horse.

MEETING OF THE PLOTTERS. Booth was absent from the city of Wash-ngton for the best part of the month of behvuary. On his return he stated that he

had been to New York.

On the right of March 15, 1865, about 12 or 12:30 o'clock, O'Laughlin and myself were about leaving Rullman's Hotel, on our way to our room, when Booth sent a messenger (Herold), who at that time was unknown to me, requesting us to ac-company Herold to Gotier's eating saloon. (Herold, I learned from O'Laughlin, had been introduced to him that day by Booth

uring their buggy ride.)
We accordingly went up and were ushered into the room, where, seated around a table, were Booth, Surratt, Atzerodt, alias Port Tobacco, and Payne, alias Mosby, all of whom, with the exception of Booth and Surratt, I had never seen nor heard of before. We were then formally introduced. before. We were then formally introduced before. We were then formally introduced Oysters, liquors and cigars were ob-tained. Booth then remarked that those tained. Booth then parties engaged to assist gathered were the parties engaged to assist in the abduction of the President. The plan of abducting him from the theatre was then introduced and discoursed upon, Booth saying that if it could not be done from the lower box it could from the upper

THE PARTS ALOTTED. He set forth the part he wished each one to perform. He and Payne, alias Mosby, were to seize the President in the box, O'Laughlin and Herold to put out the gas, I was to jump upon the stage and assist them as he was lowered down from the box, and Surratt and Atzerodt, alias Port Tobacco, were to be on the other side of the Eastern Branch bridge to act as pilots and to assist in conveying him to the boats which had been purchased by Booth. Booth said everything was in

neeting was as to whether it could or could accomplished in the manner pro-

posed.

After listening to Booth and the others I firmly protested and objected to the whole scheme, and told them of its utter impracticability. I stated that prisoners were being exchanged and that the object of the abduction had been accomplished; that patriotism was the motive that prompted me in joining the scheme, not ambition, and that I wanted a shadow of a chance for my life and that I intended having it.

BOOTH THREATENED BACKSLIDERS. Then an angry discussion arose between Booth and myself, in which he threatened o shoot me. I told him that two could play at that game, and before them all ex-pressed my firm determination to have About 5 o'clock in the morning the meeting broke up and O'Laughlin and myself went to our room at Mrs. Van Tyne's.

The next day, as I was standing in front of Rullman's Hotel, Pennsylvania avenue, in company with O'Laughlin, Both came riding by on borsehack and storped and in company with O Laughin, Booth came riding by on horseback and stopped and called O'Laughlin. He conversed with him a short time and then O'Laughlin returned, saving that Booth wanted to see me. I went to the curb and met him. Booth apologized to me for the words he had used at the meeting, remarking that he used at the meeting, remarking that he thought that I must have been drunk in making the objections that I did in reference to his proposed plan of carrying out the abduction. and his party's part; that I was never mo

I told him no-drunkenness was on his sober in my life and that what I said the night before I meant, and that the week would end my connection with the affair

ANOTHER PLAN HATCHED. On March 17, 1865, about 2 o'clock, Booth and Herold met O'Laughlin and myself. Booth stated that he was told that the President was going to attend a theatrical performance out on Seventh street at a soldiers' encampment or hospital at the

outer edge of the city.

Booth had previously sent a small, black box, containing two carbines, a monkey wrench, ammunition and four pieces of rope, by the porter of the National Hotel to our room at Mrs. Van Tyne's. Not wishing it to remain in our room, O'Laughlin sent the box to an acquaint-ance of his in Washington. This box was sent to our room in the early part of March, 1865, I think, and was removed in about

week or ten days.

After Booth and Herold met O'Laughlin and myself and made arrangements to go out to the performance on Seventh street, Booth, Herold and O'Laughlin went for the box containing the two carbines, &c.

The understanding was that Herold was to take the box with Booth's horse and buggy to either Surrattsville or T. B., and there meet us in case the abduction was successful. This was the last time I saw Herold until our trial.

Herold until our trial.

O'Laughiin returned and we took our dinner at the Franklin Hotel, as usual.

After dinner we met Booth and accompanied him to the livery stable near the Patent Office, at which place Booth ob-tained horses for us. O'Laughlin and I then rode to our room on D street and made all our necessary arrangements, each arming himself. O'Laughlin and I then rode out to where the performance was to

LINCOLN'S SECOND ESCAPE.

We stopped at a restaurant at the foot of the hill to await the arrival of the other parties. They not arriving as soon as we expected, we remounted our horses and rode out the road about a mile. We then returned and stopped at the same restau-Whilst in there Atzerodt came in, hav-

willst in there Alteroat came in, having just arrived with Payne. A short time after, Booth and Surratt came in and we drank together. Booth had made inquiries at the encampment where the performance was to be held, and learned that the President was not there. After telling us this we separated, O'Laughlin and myself riding back to the city together. Surratt and Booth rode out the road toward the country. O'Laughlin and I left our horses back of the National Hotel, at a livery stable. a livery stable.

THE KIDNAPPING ABANDONED. About 8 o'clock I met Booth and Surratt near the stable. This was the last time I ever saw Surratt, and I never saw Payne after we parted in our ride into the city until the day of our trial. the day of our trial.

O'Laughlin and I left Washington on March 20 and went to Baltimore. Booth went to New York, and thus I thought the

whole affair abandoned. I then told my family I had ceased business in Washing-

family I had ceased business in Washington and had severed my connection with Booth.

My father told me that if I would apply to J. W. Wharton for employment I might obtain it, as Wharton was looking for a clerk the last time he came up from Old Point Comfort, Va., to Baltimore.

BOOTH'S PERSISTENCE. I went to my brother's home at Hookstown, Baltimore county, and I returned March 25 to Baltimore. I was informed at my father's that Booth had called to see me.

my father's that Booth had called to see me, and left a card requesting me to call upon him at Barnum's Hotel.

I found a letter there, also, from him for me, in which he stated he desired to give it another trial the week following, and if unsuccessful to abandon it forever. The letter found in Booth's trunk was in answer to this letter, which I innocently wrote to prevent his undertaking it.

On the same day, March 27, 1865, I applied to J. W. Wharton, at Old Point Comfort, for employment, and received a favorable

to J. W. Wharton, at Old Point Comfort, for employment and received a favorable answer to my application on March 31, 1865. O'Laughlin came to my father's, to which place I had returned from my brother's, and requested me to accompany him to Washington to see Booth, for the purpose of obtaining \$500 which Booth had borrowed from him.

I went with him that morning and returned with him in the early afternoon train

urned with him in the early afternoon train of the same day. At the depot at Wash-ngton we accidentally met Atzerodt. We lrank together and then parted from him. never saw him from the 17th of March until pen, and never afterward until our trial.

SURBATT TOOK ANOTHER MISSION. SURRAIT TOOK ANOTHER MISSION.
We saw Booth. During our conversation he told us that the President was not in Washington. He also said that Surratt had gone to Richmend, as he had understood through Weichman that a Mrs. Slator had arrived from Canada with despatches and that the party who had been in the habit of ferrying persons across the river had been arrested by the Government, in consequence of which Surratt offered his services to accompany her to Richmond.

I asked if he had received my letter of the 27th, and he replied that he had not. I asked him when the letter was received to I asked him when the letter was received to destroy it. He told me he would.

This interview on March 31 took place in his room at the National Hotel, Booth. O'Laughlin and myself being present. In this conversation Booth stated that the enterprise was abandoned. He also stated that he intended to return to his profession.

It was at this interview that I asked Booth what I should do with the arms I had. He told me to keep them, to sell them, or do anything I desired with them. We left him at his room at the hotel about 2 o'clock in the afternoon, and after that time I never received either a letter from him or any other compunication, nor he from me. any other communication, nor he from me neither have I seen him since.

THE ASSASSINATION We returned to Baltimore in the early afternoon train. I parted with O'Laughlin and went to my father's. I there found a letter from Wharton, in which he gave me

employment.
The next morning I went to my brother's at The next morning I went to my brother's at Hookstown, and packed up my valise preparatory to going to Wharton's. I then gave my brother a revolver and knife. One revolver I carried with me. My brother drove me to the city, and I took the boat that evening for Old Point and commenced clerking for Mr. Wharton on my arrival there, which was April 2. 1865.

This ended my connection with the conspiracy and I heard nothing further from it nor from any of the parties connected therewith. I knew nothing about the assassination until the news reached Fort Monroe, Va., by telegraph, about 12 o'clock on the morning of the 15th of April, 1865.

ARNOLD'S ABREST.

ARNOLD'S ARREST.

I was arrested at Mr. Wharton's store, Old Point Comfort, Va., on the morning of April 17, 1865. The assassination of President Lincoln was never mentioned or even hinted at in my presence by Booth or any other person. or any other person.

or any other person.

[Signed.] SAMUEL ARNOLD.

In the presence of

GEORGE R. ANDREWS.

Major Fifth United States Artillery.

H. F. I ENNERS.

I. Samuel Arnold, do solemnly swear in the presence of Almighty God that the foregoing statement, to which I have attached my name is true in every particular and is a full and complete history of my conjection with the conspiracy to abmy connection with the conspiracy to ab-duct or kidnap President Lincoln and a history of the several parts each was to perform, and that it is a true statement as far as my knowledge extends of all facts and persons connected with the conspiracy to abduct or kidnap; that I have not at-tempted to conceal any of the facts relat-ing thereto or to screen myself or any persons connected therewith, and that I persons connected therewith, and that I had no knowledge whatever that any attempt was to be made to assassinate President Lincoln, and, furthermore, I will true answer make to any and all questions which may be propounded to me in relation to myself or any other person or persons which were connected or supposed to be connected either with the abduction or assassination of President Lincoln.

SAMUEL ARNOLD.

Subscribed and sworn to before me the 3d day of December, 1867.

W. H. GLEASON, Notary Public. To be continued to-morrow.

STURGIS ON THE CROKER STAY Action Unprecedented and Subversive of Discipline. He Says.

The motion of Fire Commissioner Sturgis o vacate Justice Fitzgerald's stay of the roker sentence is to be argued to-morrow morning in the Supreme Court and Corporation Counsel Rives will conduct the case personally in behalf of the Commissioner. Both Mr. Rives and Mr. Sturgis contend that the case is of the greatest importance not only to the Fire Department, but to every department of the city government, since it makes possible the restoring of a dismissed subordinate, who is thus placed beyond the control of his superiors. This is what Mr. Rives intends to bring out as being of infinitely greater importance than the merits of Chief Croker's case in the certiorari proceedings which the motion

does not affect. "The fact has, to a great extent, been lost sight of," said Commissioner Sturgis yes-terday, "that the granting of this stay was without precedent. One of the affidavits presented by Mr. Rives is made by a man who has been in the Corporation (ounsel's office forty-five years and says that in that time no such stay was ever granted. A well-known lawyer who has handled almost a majority of the cases of policemen and firemen dismissed within the last thirty years told me yesterday that he had never made an amplication for such a stay in the made an application for such a stay in the many certiorari proceedings he had brought. "The principle involved in the granting of such a stay is one that ought to be decided of such a stay is one that ought to be decided right away. Suppose, for instance, that such a stay should be granted a police captain who had been found guilty of a serious crime. This stay would put such a man back in command of men; it would allow him to go on doing what he liked without the head of the department having one bit of control over him because in dismissing him the head of the department had exhausted all the power of control that he had."

WHAT MEXICO PAYS. omeial Statement of the Effect of Being

on a Silver Basis. MEXICO CITY, Mexico, Dec. 7 .- The Federal Government has just issued an official statement showing that on account of fluctuation in the rate of exchange residents of Mexico paid in silver \$14,000,000 more for imported articles during the fiscal year of 1901-02 than during the previous year. The actual value in gold of the country's imports each year was about the same, according to official figures. The imports amounted to \$65,000,000 in gold each year. The average rate of exchange during the fiscal year of 1900-01 made the value in silver \$133,000.000, while

during the fiscal year of 1901-02, it reached \$147,000,000. The Customs House reports show that there was no essential difference in the classes of goods imported.

MR. WINNER'S FAMOUS SONGS.

LISTEN TO THE MOCKING BIRD" INSPIRED BY A NEGRO.

All the World Has Sung It and Mr. Winner Got \$25 for It-"What Is Home Without a Mother?" Written About a Lonely Little Girl -A Civil War Episode.

This is how the late Septimus Winner came to compose "Listen to the Mocking Bird." The account is furnished by the composer's son, J. Gibson Winner of Phila-

"It was suggested by listening to a colored man, Dick Milburn, known as 'Whistling Mr. Winner said "Dick was a unique character. He found infinite delight in wandering about the city whistling in imitation of a mocking bird, at the same time strumming an accompaniment upon the guitar.

"My father met him one day, and, struck by his remarkable performance as a warbler, said to him, half in jest:
"'How would you like to have a song for

your mocking bird, Dick? "The negro glared at father in abject astonishment and then, with a laugh that echoed through the block, replied: " 'Dat would be mighty nice, massa, an

I would be much obleeged t' yo', massa,

ef yo' done gwine to do so!' "The compass of Dick's voice was hardly an octave, and in order to fit him properly the melody was made very simple. That same evening my father composed the words and music.

"The words which run higher were to be spoken by the darkey, not sung, except where they came within his range, followed by the whistler's clever imitation of the bird. Dick was a very good-natured fellow but not endowed with much intellectual capacity. Night after night he came to Mr. Winner's music store to learn the words of the song. Try as he would father could not teach him the words.

"Eventually, however, Dick mastered one verse. Milburn, nevertheless, had ideas of his own. He had a fine sense of humor and improvised lines to the music suggesting ridiculous fancies to attract the laughing crowd. It was not long before his idea of the mocking-bird song became popular and added greatly to Dick's local reputation.

"The song was published in ballad form soon after and quickly took hold on the public. It was sung all over the country and is just as popular to-day as it was forty-seven years ago.

"Father sold it to Lee & Walker, a Philadelphia firm for \$5 and during the twentyeight years of its first copyright never reeight years of its first copyright never re-ceived anything beyond the price at which it was originally sold. The profits from its sale have exceeded \$100,000, perhaps the largest amount ever realized from any musical composition of its class. The song at once gave Mr. Winner a reputation which opened the market every-where to his efforts. It was followed as it had been preceded by others on differ-ent veins, humorous and pathetic.

ent veins, hunorous and pathetic.

"He considered 'What is Home Without a Mother,' his best effort, although it will not live as long or rank with 'Listen to the Mocking Bird.' Father used to delight in telling the story of how he was inspired to write the song. to write the song.
"Next door to where Dick Milburn used

to live and give his remarkable imitations of the mocking bird, there was a woman who used to come out on her doorstep of an evening with a baby girl in her arms and listen while she called the baby names listen while she called the baby names and showered kisses on its features as mothers do so long as the babies tolerate it.

"Many years passed and Mr. Winner, coming home on a winter's night, saw the little one—almost out of babyhood by this time—sitting on the doorstep and shivering with the cold. He was surprised at not seeing the mother, and made inquiries.
"He found out that the mother, who used to caress the little one, had died some days before and that the father had hired days before and that the father had hired a servant girl to care for the child. He a servant girl to care for the child. He stopped and approaching the tiny bit of

inity said: "'Where is your papa, my sweet one?'
"The child looked at him for a moment and then replied:
"He has gone out, sir."

'And where is the servant, dear? " 'She's gone out, too, sir.' was the an-"Mr. Winner could not understand, and further questioned:

"But, my dear, why are you waiting out here in the cold? Why don't you go into the house and warm yourself? Little girls like you should not do this."

"Innocently enough the little one re-"I am waiting for my mamma."
"Father told us that before the child could object he had taken her in his strong arms and carried her off to the Winner house-

hold. She was taken care of all right and before midnight had come and while bed, my father had composed words and music of the song, What is Home Without 'Give Us Back Our Old Commander had a disheartening existence. When Mr Winner composed it he did not think that

it would cause the adverse comment it did. It was in the time of the Civil War, and, like may a nother Philadelphian, father sympathized with Gen. George B. McClellan when the displeasure of the Administration fell on him and deposed him from the Army of the Potomac. "Mr. Winner was in the city of Wash-ington when the men in blue swept along Pennsylvania avenue in groups, in com-panies and in crowds, shouting hoarsely Give us back our Little Mac!" When father returned to his home in Philadelphia, with the roar of the soldiers' voices still ringing in his ears, he conceived the idea for the song. Within twenty minutes he had

jotted down the first stanza:

Give us back our old commander—
Little Mac, the people's pride!
Let the army and the nation
in their choice be satisfied.

"Within one week 80,000 copies of the ballad had been sold. Father, who had not the remotest thought of disloyalty, soon found the heavy hand of power stretched toward him, for the song had been taken up by the soldiers, had been sung in the theatres and had been widely discussed in the newspapers. The War Department put the song under a ban. But despite this the words had fixed themselves out the nation's mind and could not be wiped out.

made in disposing of 'Listen to the Mocking Bird' and his other ditties for the price h did. He often said that as long as the publi liked them and found enjoyment in their rendition he was satisfied."

DEAD IN FRONT OF HER HOME. Woman Who Had Been Deranged Fell of

Jumped From Third-Story Window. Mrs. Catherine Schmidt, aged 32, wife of an engineer of 149 Graham avenue, Williamsburgh, was found dead yesterday morning on the sidewalk in front of her house having either jumped or fallen from a third-story window. Her husband, who is employed at night, was summoned and he old the police that for a long time his wife had been in poor health and was under the care of a doctor. Some time ago she had icted as if her mind were deranged.

JOTTINGS ABOUT TOWN.

The Ward liner Monterey, from Mexico and Havana, which arrived at Quarantine on Saturday in the portengine on Friday morning while buck-ing heavy seas in a ficree gale off the Delaware capes. Steam was shut off and the ship came into port under her starboard engine. port under her starboard engine.

Members of the Veteran Corps, Seventh Regiment, N. G. N. Y., will celebrate the seventy-sixth anniversary of the formation of H company at the Hotel St. Denis this evening.

The Miners' Defence Committee of the Central Federated Union has figured that \$22,892.98 was raised here, principally by labor organizations for the anthractic strikers while they were out A bainnee of \$45 a2 has been sent to the treasured of the United Mine Workers.

Mme. Gadeki and Miss Bridewell, Mr. Bispham and Mr. Blass were the soloists.

THE METROPOLITAN CONCERT.

David Bispham and Mme. Gadski Warmly

Applauded-Encores Barred.

cert of the season drew a very good-sized

audience to the Metropolitan Opera House

last evening, and they appeared to be de-

lighted with the well-balanced programme

presented under the conductorship of Mr

Mr. Grau's second Sunday evening con-

Mr. Bispham, who was the first to appear, was greeted with generous applause or his way to the stage centre, and there were similar marked manifestations of friendship and admiration after each of his songs, the aria "Wo berg' ich mich?" from Weber's "Euryanthe," and "The Pipes of Pan," a

"Euryanthe," and "The Pipes of Pan," a song by Edward Figar.

Mime. Gadski and Mr. Bispham sang the duet, "La dove predne amor ricetto" from "Il Flauto Magico," and Mme. Gadski sang the aria "Wie nahte mir der Schlummer" from "Der Freischütz." The aria moved the audience to such enthusiasm that Mme. Gadski was obliged to come out three times to acknowledge the plaudits with smiles and curtseys.

with smiles and curtseys.

The welcome determination of the man The welcome determination of the management that there shall be no encores whatever this season was adhered to, so those of the audience who went to hear the programme as announced were spared any successors to the "Palms," "The Holy City" and the rest of that agonizing list of past seasors, which used to prolong the concerts til nearly midnight.

Mr. Blass's single offering, the aria "Schweig, damit dich Niemand warnt," from "Der Freischütz," drew an outburst of applause commensurate in vigor with the sturdy baseo's vocalization, and he was compelled to come back twice and bow his appreciation.

piano accompaniment instead of the orchestra, "Der Tod und das Mädchen" (Schubert)
Im Kahn" (Grieg), and "Schnsucht" (Cas tello). The orchestra's contributions were the overtures from "Der Fliegende Hol-la der," "A Midsummer Night's Dream" and Beethoven's "Egmont."

BILLS AT THE SUNDAY CONCERTS. Great List of Vaudeville Attractions Kept Folks Amused.

The bill of the Sunday concert given in the Harlem Opera House last night was made up of the Russell Brothers, Lewis McCord and his company, Eva Mudge, Libbey and Trayer, Burton and Brookes, and Crawford and Duff.

The Circle Theatre had for its attractions Lottie Gilson, Beulah Coolidge, the Four Cuttys, the Four Hills, A. C. Pringle, the Baileys, Frank Fogerty and Ben.

At the Dewey Theatre there were Ryan and Richfield, Andy Lewis and company, Moore ard Blanc. Al. Grant, the Tro Pucks, the Lowe Hughes Trio, Elsie Bernard, Frazier and Patterson and Van and Egbert. The headliners at the Grand Opera House were Eugene O'Rourke and company

Billy Gould and James Cullen. The programme at the Third Avenue inchided Gordon, Vidoc and Haverly and Rae and Brosche.

Among the attractions at the four Proctor theatres were: At Twenty-third Street Charley Case, the Marvellous Merrills Hayes and Suits and the Taylor-Richards Hayes and Suits and the Taylor-Richards Four; at the Fifth Avenue, Fisher and Carroll, Gardiner and Vincent, Farnum and Howard and Billy Carter; at Fifty-eighth street, Ward and Curran, Billy S. Clifford, H. V. Fitzgerald and Hortense Neitson and company; at 125th Street, the World's Trio, Fields and Wolley, John Mayon and company, Ramza and Arno and the Great De Villers.

At Rice's Sunday "Pop" at the New York there appeared Amelia Summerville, Emma Carus, Billy Gould, Bettina Gerard, Grace Warner, Herbert and Willing, Maddox and Wayne, Julian Rose, Hayes and Healey, Amy Lee, Roberts, Hayes and Roberts, Marion Winchester and the Lowe-Hughes trio.

The New Pommeranian Orchestra was heard at the Eden Musée both in tthe after-Among the turns at the New Star Theatre Dolan and Lenharr.

The attractions at the West End Theatre comprised John Kernell, Beaumont and Belmont, Morris Cronin, Prof. Hurd, Wylie's ogs, Julian Rose, Conroy and McDonald and Smith and Powell.

and Smith and Powell.

Ted Marks presented to his patrons at
the American Joe Maxwell and company,
John Ford, J. H. Cullen, Ford and Cantwell, Frank O'Brien and the Carmen sisters.

John L. Sullivan headed the bill at the Metropolis, and concerts were also given at Hurtig & Seamon's in Manhattan and at the Orpheum and Columbia in Brooklyn.

Prof. Lorenz Entertained in Baltimore. BALTIMORB, Dec. 7.-Between attending dinners or visiting private patients of local physicians Prof. Adolph Lorenz put in a busy time to-day He spent several hours looking over the patients at the Home for Crippled and Deformed Children over which his host, Dr. Tunstall Taylor, is super-intendent. To-night the noted surgeon was entertained at dinner by Dr. Randolph Winslow. To-morrow morning at 100 'clock he will perform some operations and at 2 o'clock will leave for Philadelphia.

MARRIED.

McIVFR-LEWIS .- On Saturday, Dec. 6, at Cal vary Church, by the Rev. J. Lewis Parks, S. T. D., Elisita Frances Lewis to Alexander McIver. North Carolina papers please copy.

DIED. ALLEN.-On Dec. 5, 1902, Dr. Timothy Field Allen. aged 65 years, at his residence, 2 East 48th st. Funeral services at St. Thomas's Church, 53d st. and 5th av., on Monday, Dec. 8, 1902, at 1.30 o'clock P. M.

OF NEW YORK - Members are invited to attend the funeral of their honored associate. Timothy Field Allen, M.D., LL.D., from St. Thomas's Church, on Monday, Dec. 8, at 1:30 P. M. WILLIAM H. VAN DEN EURG, M.D., President

J. PERRY SEWARD, M.D., Secretary ORREY BOTANICAL CLUB .- Members of the Torrey Botanical Club are invited to attend the funeral of their associate, Dr. Timothy F. Allen, at St. Thomas's Church on Monday, Dec. 8, 1902, at

Paif past to clock.

N. L. BRITTON, President.
E. L. BURGESS, Secretary. BRIGHTMAN-At New Canaan, Conn., on the 5th inst., Catherine E., widow of Henry A. Bright-

Funeral private. Interment Newport, R. 1. BROWN.—At his late residence 290 Broad st., Newark, N. J., Saturday evening, Dec. 6, 1902, Walter C., son of Margaret A. and the late George Brown. Funeral services from the Belleville Avenue

Congregational Church, Tuesday, the 9th

AVERY .- At his home in Mount Vernon, N. V. Saturday morning, Dec. 6, Richard Lavery, 72 years of age. uneral services will be held at the residence No. 216 North Fulton av., Mount Vernon, Monday evening, Dec. 8, at 8 o'clock. Picase

omit flowers. Trains from Grand Central station, N. Y. &. N. H. R. R., at 7 o'clock, returning leave Mount Vernon at 9:20. MITH.-Entered into rest, Dec. 7, Elizabeth David son, wife of Alexander Smith and daughter of the late Samuel Davidson.

P. M. from her late residence, 327 Fairmont av., Jersey City, N. J. Please omit flowers. Rockland county papers please copy. SYMONDS.—On Sunday, Dec. 7, 1962, Caroline Bradstreet Bachelder Symonds, wife of Erand Funeral services at the Church of St. Mary the Virgin. West 46th st., on Tuesday morning.

Dec. 9, at 10:30 o'clock . TENNEY.-On Dec. 6, at his late residence, 93 Clermont av., Brooklyn, Amos Tenacy, in the 88th year of his age. Funeral services at the above address Tuesday. Dec. 9, at 11 A. M.

WEBSTER.-On Sunday, Dec. 7, 1902, Genevieve

Macfarlane, wife of Dr. David Webster.

PUBLICATIONS.

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NEW HAVEN, Dec. 7 .- The Rev. Alexander HERALD SQR. Bway, Casthast. Sams. Tries. 7:3:38. Saubert Eygs at 8, Mat. Triyat 2. Mgr. Mgr. Mgr. . Irvine, pastor of the Pilgrim Congregational Church of this city, announced to-day that his resignation as pastor would take effect on April 1, 1903. Then he preached on Jonah.

In explaining why he had de ermined to resign he said that his work had been so obstructed that he was really forced to give up his work in the church.

It has been known for some time that Mr. Irvine had become unpopular with some of the members of his church because of his radical views. A few months ago, when the trolley strike was on in this city, he was one of the active supporters of the strikers. He took a leading part in he local campaign during the recent State

of the strikers. He took a leading part in the local campaign during the recent State election, favoring the nominees of the Economic League, and he delicted several speeches before the lague. More recently he has been identified with efforts to shape municipal legislation. He is a strenuous advocate of single tax.

Within the list few weeks he has been one of the conspicuous men in the organization of the New Haven Cooperative Coal Company. He was in the Pennsylvania mines as a miner years ago. He is about 35 years old. It is said that some of his congregation object to him because they regarded many of his sermons as scolds.

When the Rev. Dr. George Herron figured in the newspapers a few months ago. Mr. Irvine invited him to preach in the Pilgrim caurch. He is an old friend of Dr. Herron's. The congregation objected and the invitation had to be cancelled.

To-night Mr. Irvine in his sermon attacked corporations generally and spoke of their evil influence on the Connecticut General Assembly. His salary was cut \$400 last year about the time he was waging a war against a proposed contract between the city and the New Haven Water Company which was said to be favorable to the company. Some of the leading men and women in Mr. Irvine's parish are stockholders in the water company.

FOR PEABODY MUSEUM.

Valuable Plants and Fossil Remains Se cured in the Northwest.

NEW HAVEN, Dec. 7 .- After several months passed in Dakota, Wyoming and Montana, G. R. Wieland has returned to the Yale Peabody Museum, having secured in the far Northwest valuable additions to the museum's collection of cycals, now said to be the best in the world. The additions show in great perfection the flowers and show in great perfection the flowers and leaves of a plant which illustrates important facts in the evolution of vegetable life.

Mr. Wieland also secured from the Cretaceous deposits important additions to the museum's valuable collection of fossil turtles of the marine type which represent the largest creatures of the kind ever found. One of them, soon to be mounted and put on exhibition, is 14 feet long, 7 feet broad and with 22-feet spread from end to end of the flippers.

lippers.
Dr. J. L. Wortman of the museum is still at the West exploring in the Bridger Basin. He has found fossils of E cene monkeys, of which the museum wid have some 500

He has found fosells of E cene monkeys, of which the museum will have some 500 pecimens.

Sew Savoy Theatre, 34th St. & Broadway 1AST 3Weeks. Matinees Wednesday and Saturday specimens.

ETHEL Evgs. 4:20. Mats at 2:10

A COUNTRY MOUSE, Preceded by CARROTS. Tom Poley's Gilig to Try to Beat Paddy

Divver-Van Wyck in It, Too. The Mosha Bera Epichrean Club, of which Lawyer Tommy Dinnean is the presiding genius, will hold its annual beefsteak eating contest on Wednesday night in the Altantic Gardens and a number of beefsteakeaters with records will contest for the prize to be given to the man who eats the

most pounds.

Last year the Hon. P. Divver won the prize with Al Kramer of the Atlantic Gardens a close second. This year the Hon. Tom Foley will enter the field and try to be at Divy er gastronomically as easily as he did

Among the others who have been invited be ex-Mayor Van Wyck, Big Tim Sullivan, he congressman-elect, and little Tim, the Alderman; the Hon. Florric Sullivan and many other politicians of high and low

AMUSEMENTS.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE. Grand Opera Season 1802-1803. Under the Direction of Mr. Maurice Gran. o-night at 8.—AIDA. Earnes, Homer, De Mar Scotti, Edouard de Reszke, Munimann. Con chi, Scotti, Edouard de Reszke, Munimann. Conductor, Mancinelli.

Wed. Evg., Dec. 10, at 8.—LE PROPHETE (Revival). Schumann Heink, Marylli; Alvarez, Edouard de Hesske, Journt. Conductor, Flon.

Fri. Evg., Dec. 12, at 8.—TOSCA. Eames, Bridewell; De Marcin, Scotti, Gülbert. Conductor, Mancinelli.

Set. Aft., Dec. 13, at 2.—TANNHAUSER, Gadski, Homer, Bridewell; Anthes, Bis, ham. Conductor, Hertz.

Sat. Evg., Dec. 13, at 8. at Fop. Prices. — LA TRAVIATA. Sembrich, Van Cauteren; Dani, Campanari. Conductor, Flon.

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IRVING PLACE THEATRE, Fvgs., 820. To night & Fri. Eve. (Pop. Prices), "Emilia Galotti." Tue., Wed. Moser's Com. dy "DER BUREAUKRAT." AMERICAN (2D ST. AND STH AVE. Not. Daily (e1c't Mon.), 25c. | SLAVES OF RUSSIA

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him back off the stage by the back entrance.